

Case 6

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Presentation

- 15-year-old male
- Transferred from the outside area limited clinical info

PMH: Autism spectrum disorder, ADHD with no previous hospital admissions



Full Blood Count

Test	Result	Reference Range
Haemoglobin	105	127 - 170 g/L
WBC	4.90	3.9 - 9.9 x10 ⁹ /L
Platelets	45	150 – 450 x10 ⁹ /L
HCT	0.308	0.37 – 0.49 L/L
MCV	97.9	77.0 – 95.6 fL
MCH	32.8	25 – 33 pg
RDW	19.1	12 - 14.7 %
Neutrophils	3.14	1.7 – 5.7 x10 ⁹ /L
Lymphocytes	1.60	1.4 - 3.8 x10 ⁹ /L
Monocytes	0.16	0.15 – 1.28 x10 ⁹ /L
ESR	2	1 – 8 mm/hr
INR	1.7	
APTT ratio	1.66	

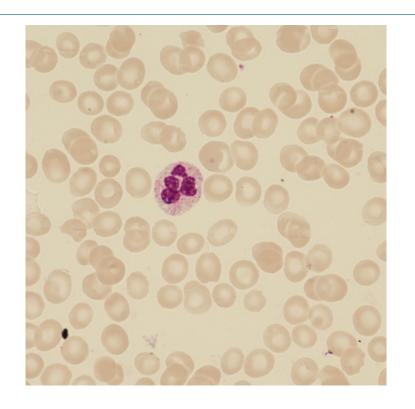


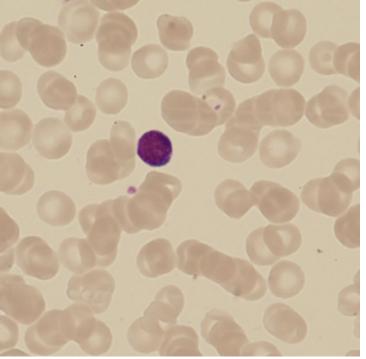
Biochemistry

Test	Result	Reference Range
Sodium	139	133 – 146 mmol/L
Potassium	3.8	3.5 – 5.0 mmol/L
Urea	10.4	2.5 – 6.5 mmol/L
Creatinine	197	47 – 98 μmol/L
Bilirubin	28	0 – 21 μmol/L
ALT	415	9 – 22 IU/L



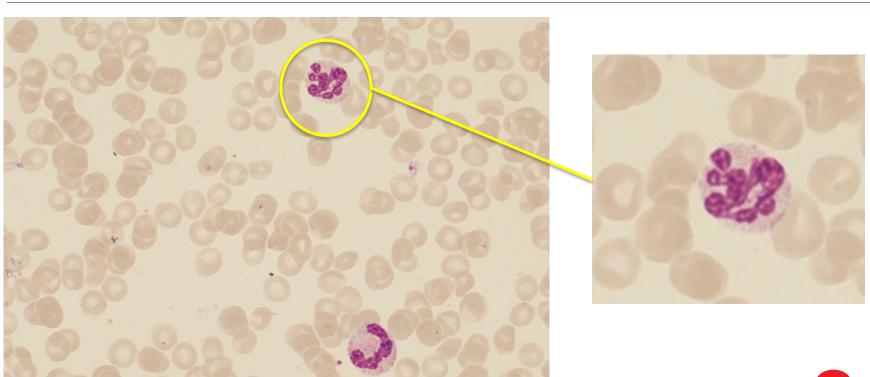
Blood Film x60







Blood Film x60





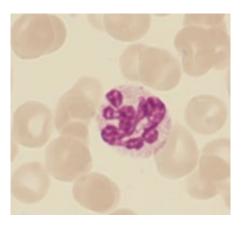
1. What is your suspected diagnosis?

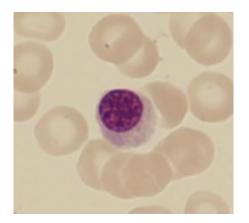
- a) Normal
- b) Iron Deficiency Anaemia
- c) B12 or Folate Deficiency
- d) Mixed Iron & B12/Fol Deficiency
- e) Need further information



Blood Film Findings

- Occasional hypersegmented neutrophils present
- Thrombocytopenia confirmed
- 1 solitary NRBC
- No blasts
- No red cell fragments







Further Presentation History

- Initially presented with leg ache and tiredness 3 months earlier
- Unusual gait with increasing difficulty in moving arms and legs with painful calves
- Also, onset scrotal soreness and peeling rash treated with unknown steroid cream



2. What further tests would you request?

- a) Vitamin D
- b) B12, Folate & Iron Studies
- c) Creatine Kinase
- d) All of the above
- e) Others not listed



Clinical History contd.

- Worsening vomiting symptoms and slurred speech with unsafe swallow
- Maculopapular rash on legs, feet and bilateral cheeks occasionally developing on chest and neck
- Patient admitted to PICU and intubated



Further Biochemistry

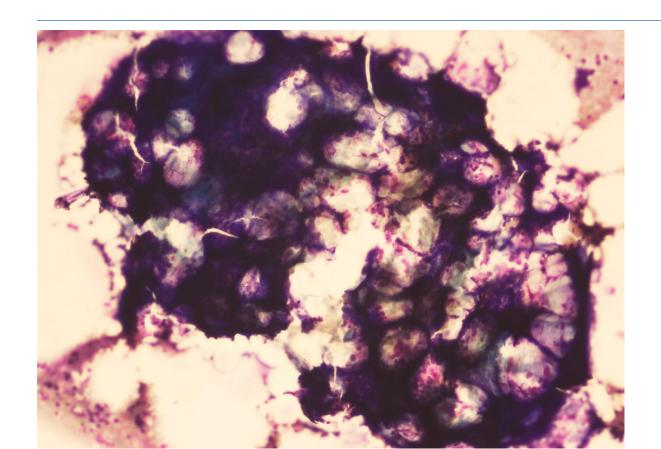
Test	Result	Reference Range
CK	4824	90 – 354 IU/L
CRP	193	0 – 5 mg/L
B12	152	211 – 911 ng/L
Folate	Haemolysed	
Ferritin	1723	15 – 200 μg/L
Vitamin D	<8	50.1 – 200 nmol/L
Zinc	7.2	10.7 – 18.4 μmol/L
Copper	16.7	11 – 24.4 μmol/L



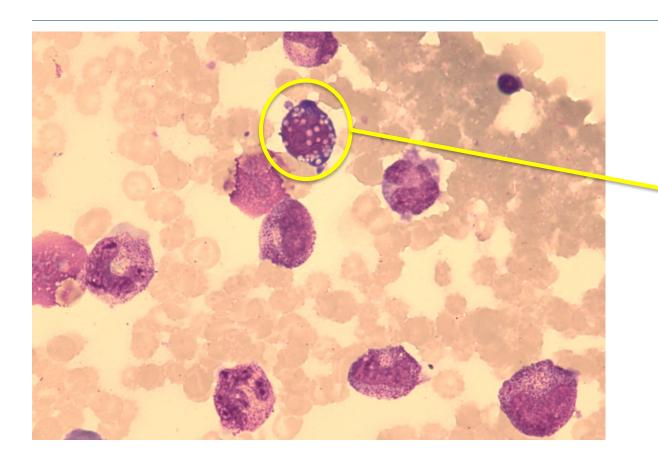
3. What is your revised diagnosis?

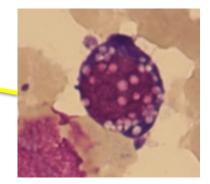
- a) Sepsis
- b) Rhabdomyolysis
- c) Nutritional deficiencies
- d) Macrophage Activation Syndrome
- e) Need further information



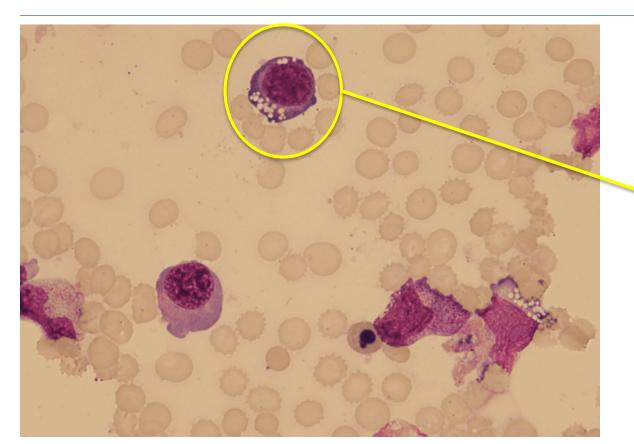


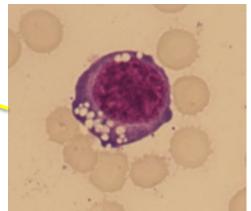




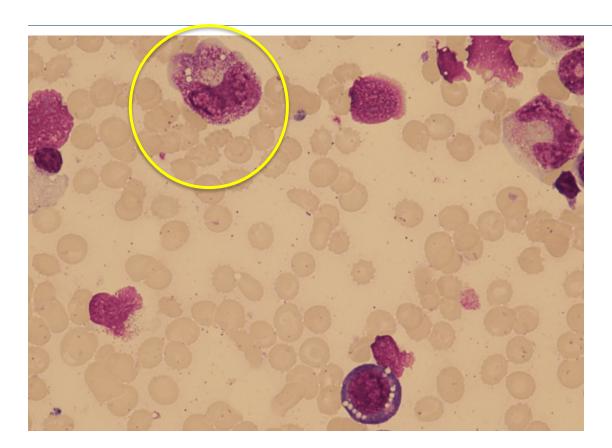


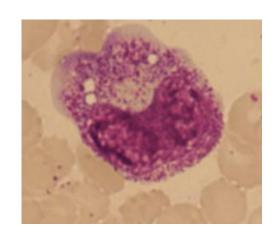














4. What is your suspected final diagnosis?

- a) Nutritional Deficiencies
- b) Juvenile Dermatomyositis & Nutritional Deficiencies
- c) Viral Myositis
- d) VEXAS
- e) Macrophage Activation Syndrome



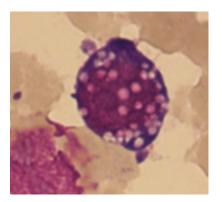
Confirmed diagnosis

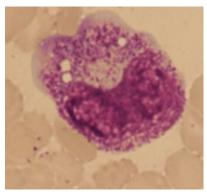
- Juvenile Dermatomyositis with multiple nutritional deficiencies Anti Ro52 positive confirmed
- R14 genetics panel normal

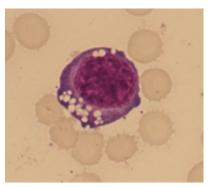
Note...

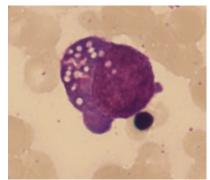
- Copper normalized but
 - Can increase greatly in response to infection, injury, chronic inflammatory conditions
 - Consider appropriateness of copper measurement where CRP is significantly elevated
 - If CRP 100-200, there may be a 30% increase in serum copper concentration Copper results should be interpreted alongside albumin and CRP results











- Particulate but relatively hypocellular
- Left shifted with giant metamyelocytes
- Vacuolated erythroid cells
- No evidence of Haemophagocytosis
- In keeping with B12 and Copper deficiency – check genetics to exclude MDS & VEXAS



Juvenile Dermatomyositis

- Inflammation of the blood vessels, muscles and skin muscle weakness and skin rashes
- Mean time between the onset of the first symptoms and confirming the diagnosis is 6 months (5 weeks to 2 years) more common in females
- Standard initial management for children with JDM consists of high-dose corticosteroids
 - IVIG & cyclophosphamide
 - Prednisolone 40mg on weaning dose
 - Gabapentin 600mg 3 times daily
 - Nutritional deficiencies replaced
 - Physiotherapy & OT



Acknowledgments

Literature

- Paediatric team at UHNM
- Clinical Haematology colleagues for the lively Morphology MDT discussions
- Lab Haematology colleagues for the interesting Bitesize Morphology sessions each Friday







https://juveniledermatomyositis.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2024/01/MSAMAA-Myositis-antibody-interpretation_24052022-.pdf

